

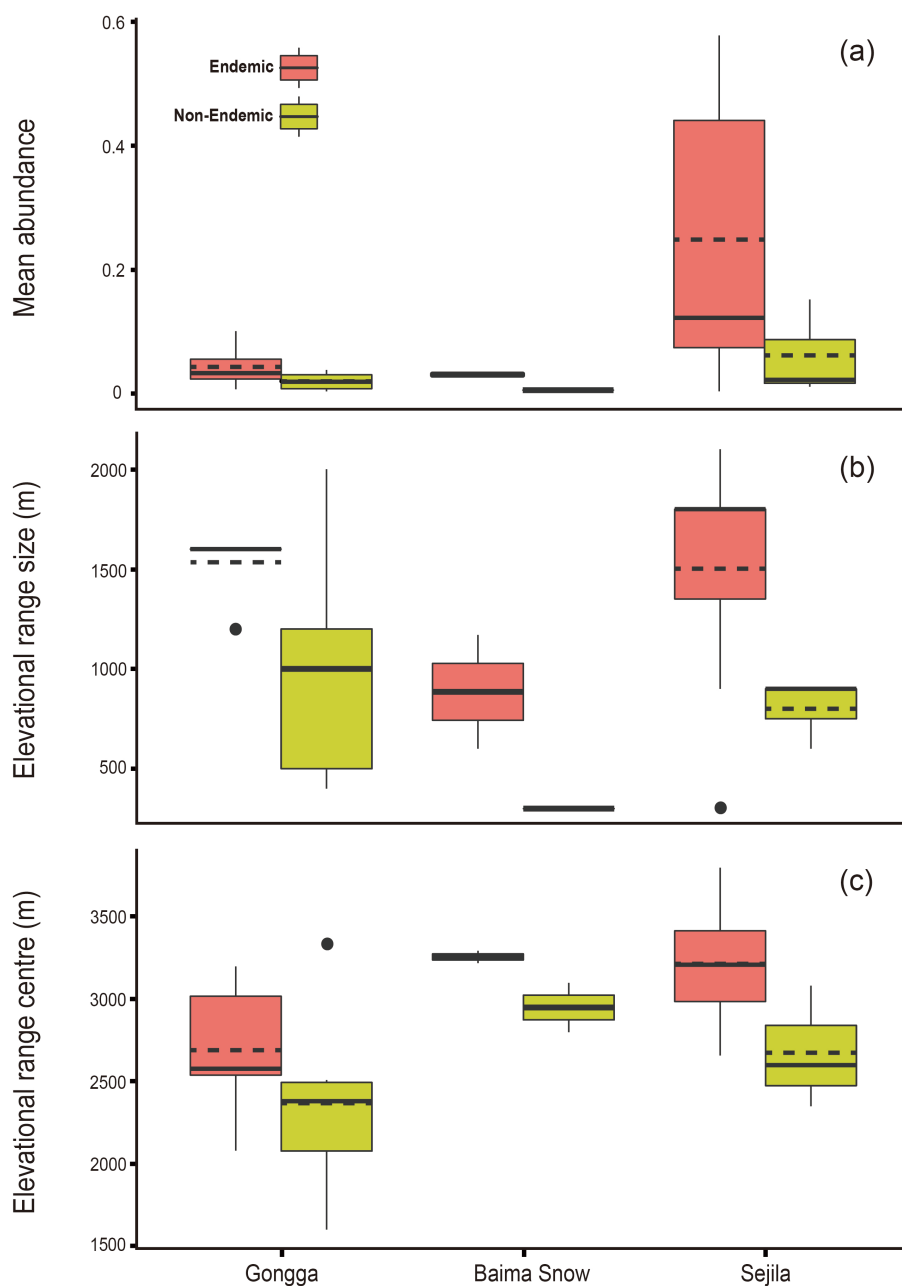
Ecography

ECOG-03558

Wen, Z., Wu, Y., Cheng, J., Cai, T., Du, Y., Ge, D., Xia, L. and Yang, Q. 2018. Abundance of small mammals correlates with their elevational range sizes and elevational distributions in the subtropics. – Ecography doi: 10.1111/ecog.03558

Supplementary material

29 Figure A2. Mean abundances (the number of individuals per 100 trap nights) (a), elevational
 30 range sizes (m) (b) and elevational range centres (m) (c) of endemic (Gongga: 6, Baima
 31 Snow: 2, Sejila: 7) and non-endemic (Gongga: 6, Baima Snow: 2, Sejila: 3) non-flying small
 32 mammals on the Gongga, Baima Snow and Sejila Mountains. The illustrated species are
 33 those have their whole ranges fully within the sampled gradient. The Box-and-whisker plots
 34 illustrate the median (solid line inside the box), mean (dashed line), 25th and 75th quartiles
 35 (lower and upper boundaries of the box) and 10th and 90th quartiles (whiskers). The outliers
 36 are shown as filled circles.



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